



[Photo credit: Chris Hook, USAID]



DISCUSSION OBJECTIVE:

Identify issues to consider as donors/implementing organizations move forward to support:

The scale-up of evidence-based practices (EBP); and monitoring, learning & evaluation (MLE) efforts to:

- Maximize effectiveness and efficiency of scale-up efforts
- While also contributing to the knowledge base



USING THE EXPANDNET FRAMEWORK

- Identify a framework from the beginning; commitment by all stakeholders, including staff, toward utilization
- Add a "weaning period"
- Add a more intensive pre-planning phase
- Consider local interest in the practice govt/missions/ private sector
- Consider potential for continued resources post-project



AID A REALISTIC "END IN MIND"

GIVEN TIME FRAME AND RESOURCES:

- 1. Determine an end that is "do-able"
- 2. Avoid over-ambitious goals



A FINE BALANCE

VERTICAL FACTORS

Ultimately achieve sustainability

 Enable potential for larger horizontal reach

HORIZONTAL FACTORS

 Build consumer demand toward "tipping point"

 Ultimately influence sustained institutional vertical change



CHALLENGES IN BALANCING HORIZONTAL & VERTICAL

HORIZONTAL

- Easier to collect data
- "Comfort Zone" long history of counting for reports
- Donors (including Congress) want big numbers

VERTICAL

- More difficult to measure; incentives less palpable
- Takes more time
- Especially vulnerable to environmental shifts like government turn over,
 'champion' attrition, shift in government priorities, coups



HOW MUCH "SYSTEMS" CHANGE?

Policy change is **necessary**, **but may not be sufficient** without Systems change

Considering available resources and realistic potential for change:

HOW MUCH "HSS" TO TACKLE? Can/will it be sustained?

Implications:

- Cross-agency/cross-sector coordination
- Potential for linking funds FP and HSS



DECIDE TO COMMIT TO SUSTAINABILITY – OR NOT!

Define "sustainability" specific to the EBP and context

- Continued funding via CA? Govt? Private sector?
- Reaching "tipping point" of consumer demand?
- Sustainable structural factors?

Identify and collect data on indicators reflecting steps toward achieving sustainability

SUSTAINABILITY



DETERMINE DATA NEEDS

- To guide corrections
- To expand knowledge base – local, national, global



MLE MIGHT INCLUDE ANY OR ALL...

- Monitor implementation process/inputs/outputs
- Document evolution of the intervention
- Determine uptake
- Assess quality
- Identify "challenges" toward achieving results
- Assess the "do-ability" of current plans/goals
- Monitor demand
- Monitor change in assumptions
- Develop, test and use indicators to monitor vertical scale-up
- Determine direct effect of adaptations to the practice

COLLECT AND USE DATA



Post-project data collection to determine sustainability:

Who and how to fund?

Determine how long/how much data to collect at various phases of scale-up

- Will the data, indeed, be used? By Whom?
- Will there be funds for data collection?
- Is there adequate flexibility for midcourse corrections?
- Is there support for acknowledging and responding to "failure"?



COLLECT AND USE DATA



THINGS CHANGE AND EXPERIENCE TEACHES WHAT IS REALISTIC (OR NOT)

- 1. TAKE STOCK
- 2. REASSESS
- 3. REVISE AS NEEDED



Incorporate space/time/funds to make change

(with implications on workplan and funding flexibility)

FLEXIBILITY



DETERMINE:

whether 5 year (or X-year) project is enough to achieve stated goal

RE-ASSESS:

Stated goals and/or time period

(including initial assessments; start up; weaning period)

Implications re:

- Bureaucratic constraints
- Fostering complementary efforts and partnerships

PROJECT TIME PERIOD





COORDINATION/ COMPLEMENTARITY

Seek partnerships for short and long-term

Identify opportunities through early/regular communication

- Intra/inter USAID/USG Hdqs/missions/cross sectors (including HSS)
- With and Among CAs
- With other implementing organizations
- With governments



IMPLICATIONS

- Synchronize agendas across the Agency for commitment to complementarity re: expanding method choice
- Strengthen mechanisms to share information earlier/more consistently within Agency to enhance short/long term commitment and coordination
- Strengthen mechanisms to identify partnerships with other donors, government, etc.
- Identify links between organizations implementing scale-up and research entities/funding

COORDINATION/ COMPLEMENTARITY





TEAM ABILITY & COMMITMENT are key to igniting scale-up

Recognize and support evolving roles of team members throughout SU process

- From adapting materials and conducting training
- To quality assurance and systems integration
- And more....

TEAM CAPACITY



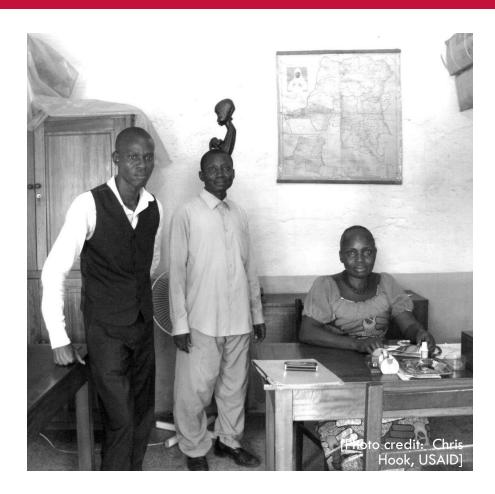
UNPREDICTABILITY is the most predictable factor as scale-up progresses

Recognize balance between:

- Creativity, persistence, problem solving, flexibility, diplomacy, leadership AND
- Technical capacity

Formidable requirements:

 How to find and support/nurture/grow/ maintain the team?



TEAM CAPACITY



